

GS Advanced Program 2023

Generic Booklet

Test Name/Code No. : 12 -

Online

Name

Email ID.

Roll No.

Mobile No.

Date

Allocated Time : 60 Minutes

Instructions to Candidates -

- There are 7 Questions in this Question paper.
- All Questions are Compulsory.
- For all updates, please visit the document - <https://forumias.com/2022/11/09/1420053505/>

Important -

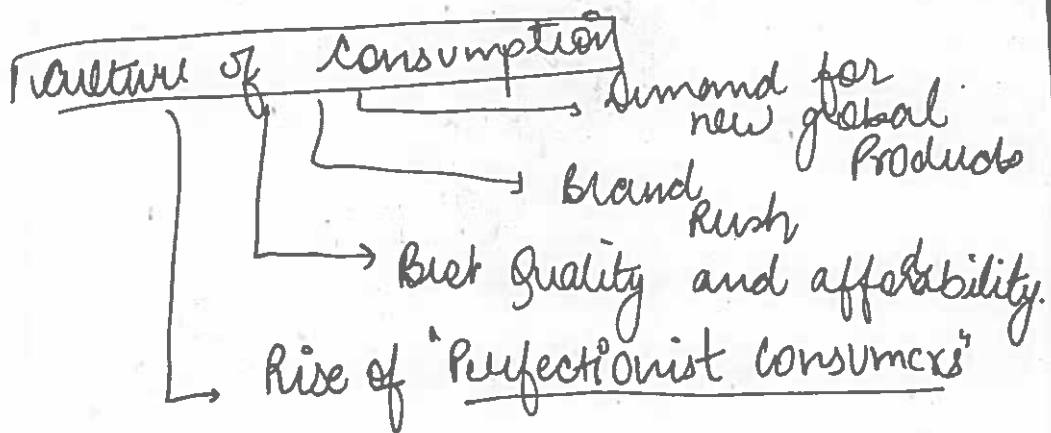
- Answers must be attempted in the QCA Booklet only.
- To upload the Answer Copies please visit to "My Course" section on - <https://forumias.com/2022/11/09/1420053505/>
- Only those copies will be evaluated which will be submitted before the next class.

Q. No.	Grade/Score
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
Overall Grade/Score	

Start Writing Here

The culture of consumption has played a crucial role in the process of glob. especially in shaping growth of cities in India. analyse.

"Globalisation as free flow of goods, services, people" UN facilitated by consumerism led to urbanisation and metropolitan cities in India.



Culture of consumption led to globalisation as →

① Best Consumption experience led to movement.

(eg) Iphone demand led to flow from USA.

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- ① change from minimum consumption to maximum → This led to need for variety & choice
- ② more varieties of cuisines needed like Chinese Italian.
- ③ Cosmopolitan consumption led to free flow. (eg) varieties in Western attire led to Levi's dominance
- ④ It also led to growth of cities → Cities developed as epicentres of goods (eg) Mumbai - place of international clothing.
- ⑤ Metropolitan cities emerged by Wal-Martisation (eg) Wal-marts in cities like Delhi. → offer good products to consumers

However, culture of competition impacted the local stores (mom & pop stores) and impacted small cities economy, hurt traditional arts of cities (eg chikan kari Lucknow)

Kofi Annan - Globalisation is Irreversible thereby equitable growth of cities needed by Responsible Consumers - thinking once by Indian Products at online - E-commerce Rule

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Q.2) Even though globalisation led to ↑ opp for women, it also created new set of chng for women workers. Discuss

Ans.

globalisation by virtue of liberalism, more choices, individualism ~~has~~ impacted women and her life in many ways.

globalisation increased opportunities for women as →

① Dilution of Patriarchy

→ due to free flow of education, women movements - more women got freedom.

② Link with Jobs

eg) global hospitals (Max, Fortis), women nurses, doctors

③ Realisation of self worth

by global ideas, movements

④ Economic Empowerment

eg) Cos like Anura Agrani, Politicians like Kamla Harris motivate other

- women
- ① Recognition of traditional skills
 - ② (eg) Gig economy via Amazon selling women handicrafts.

However, created challenges for women workers as →

- ① Double shift Burden
- ② (eg): Women do office + household work

- ③ Restrictions on work
- ④ (eg) Night shift not allowed by conservative families.

- ⑤ Sexual Abuse Fear
- ⑥ due to late working hours, women fear safety.

- ⑦ Judgement of character
- ⑧ (eg) women working with males seen as wrong; unethical.

Globalisation must allow women as 'Agenda setters' by removing Glass Ceiling, Maternity leaves be promoted, gender budgeting.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
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Q.3)

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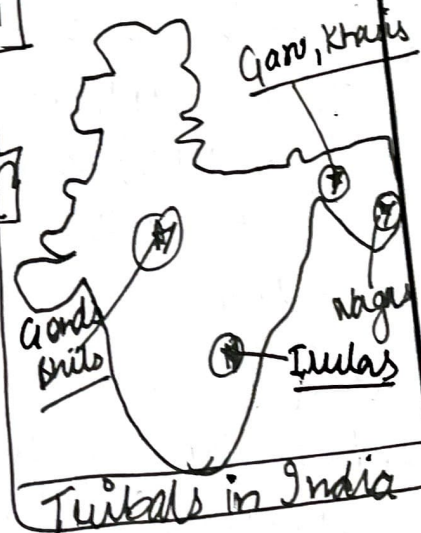
Is there a need to Revisit and Subsequent reorientation of Tribal Integration approach followed so far? Comment.

Ans

Tribals or Adivasis defined by Article 366 as communities as deemed under Article 342 of Constitution, has features like —

- Primitive Traits
- Distinct culture
- Shy with large community

Learning model of Fortress Conservation of British - India adopted Integration Approach as →



- ① Creative Adjustments between tribes & non tribes.
- ② Giving special Protection via 6th schedule, PESA Act.
- ③ Forest Rights Act 2006 gave Right Based approach to Tribals by recognising existing land rights.

There a need to Rerise this Policy as→

★ Animation of Tribal exist
→ not Integrated with mainstream.

★ Forceful displacements
(eg) mining in odisha - displaced tribals.

★ Uneffective Grievance Redressal

(eg) Forest Right Commi Hee → corruption
(Parliamentary Committee)

★ Poor human Resource

Act to UN: Indian tribals suffer cholera, HIV.

No need to Rerise →

★ Tribals are Maintaining their culture peacefully.

★ Tribal welfare happened
(eg) tklanya schools → education
TRIFED → Marketing of goods

★ Forceful use will alienate them.

Forest Rights shd be better implemented
by skilling gram Panchayats, social
ignorance reduced by cultural
exchanges Virginia Xaxa Comt.

Overall Grading (✓)

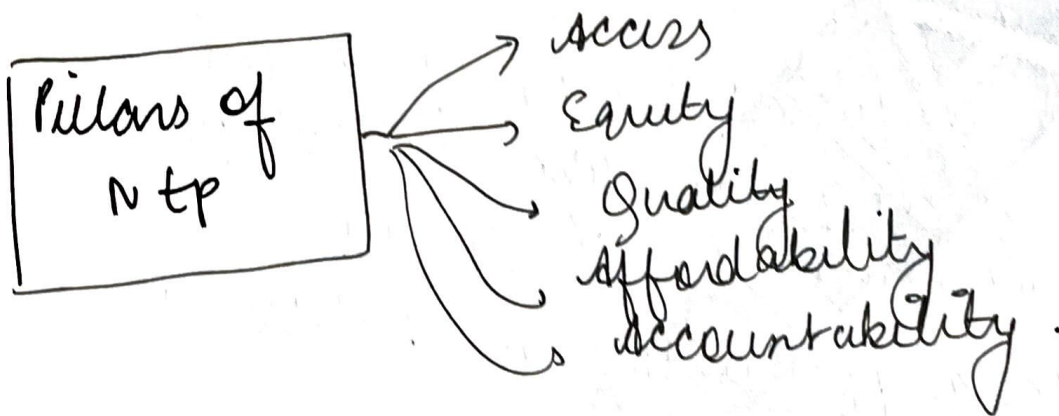
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Q.4)

Analyse the NTP in light of SDGs.

Ans:

National Education Policy (NEP) replacing 34 year old education policy aims to make education Inclusive (SDG4).



NEP helps achieve SDG 4 as.

① Inclusive education

↳ Promoted by universal access to education at all levels by formal, informal means - (Cg)
NIOS, 5+3+3+4 Curriculum

② Focus on Vocational education

Foundational Literacy, Numeracy focused

① SDG focus on Teacher Training -
NEP also works on it

② SDG ensures Comprehensive Assessment →
NEP proposes PARAKH Portal

However NEP 2020 may not able to achieve SDG as →

③ Lack of funds : only 3% of GDP, meeting SDG goals like technology advancement needs 6% of GDP.

④ Lifelong opportunities is debatable as lack of infra is there.

⑤ Knowledge - Job Mismatch - hinders goal of decent jobs (eg) NASSCOM - only 18% Indians skilled.

⑥ Digital Divide - restricts Inclusive Education. (eg) only 40% Internet in Rural.

NEP is good step, however steps like Bharat Nch, curriculum on AI in CBSE, will help make "education as weapon to change world" Nelson Mandela.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
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Q.5)

There is need to shift focus from FS to Nut Sec in India, comment.
How can India achieve nutr self suff?

Antonio Guterres 'Poor child growth is a smoke alarm'. Thereby Nutritional security as right intake of nutrients like fat, protein, iron needed along with Food security (access, affordability of food) - FAO.

India's Food security

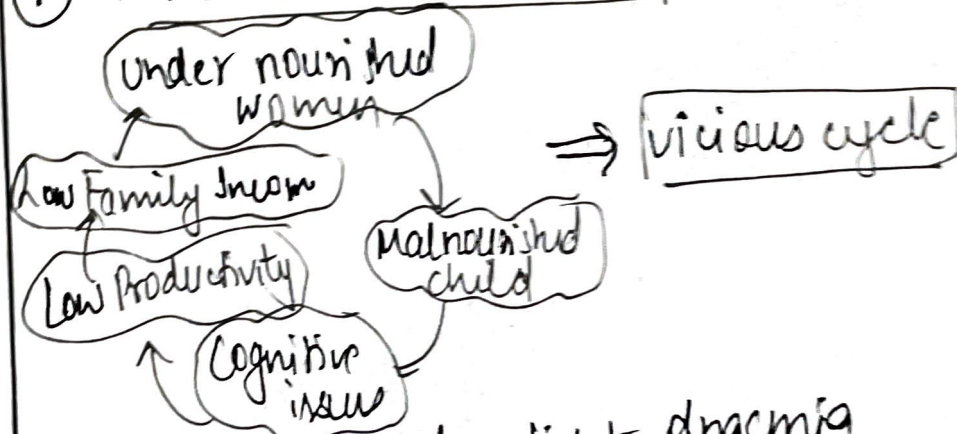
- largest Producer of wheat, pulses, milk.
 - second largest Producer of Rice, fish
 - buffer stock of 7.8 MMT of wheat held
- Economic survey 2021

India's Nutritional Security

- anaemia in women: 57%.
 - child stunting : 36%.
 - anaemia under 5 child: 67%.
- NFHS-5

India should shift from food security to Nutritional security as →

- ① Sufficient food security Present
- ② Nutrition need improvement as →



- ③ Required to fight anaemia, child mortality under 5. - UNICEF.
- ④ Poor Nutrition creates Disease Burden.

However Food security cannot be ignored as →

- ⑤ Risk of climate change
- ⑥ Due to global warming, wheat

- Production Rising in India this year
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- eg Rising Population
- World Population Prospects Report 2022
- India replace China in 2023.
- eg Rising Inflation
- It poses threat to Food affordability.

- India can achieve Nutritional Suf. sufficiency by →
- eg Policy change
- only resp to wheat, Rice be changed
- eg Crop Diversification
- Millet (nutrition in Iron-100)
- eg Indigenous Seeds
- Traditional Tomato 5 times Nutrition than hybrid - ICAR.
- eg Nutri Gardens in schools
- as PM SHRI school envisage.
- eg Food Fortification
- Fortified Rice in Tamil Na.
- Food Security must accompany Nutrition
- Security: Natural Farming will be promoted.
- Women SHGs and Millet Sister network working on it.

Overall Grading (✓)

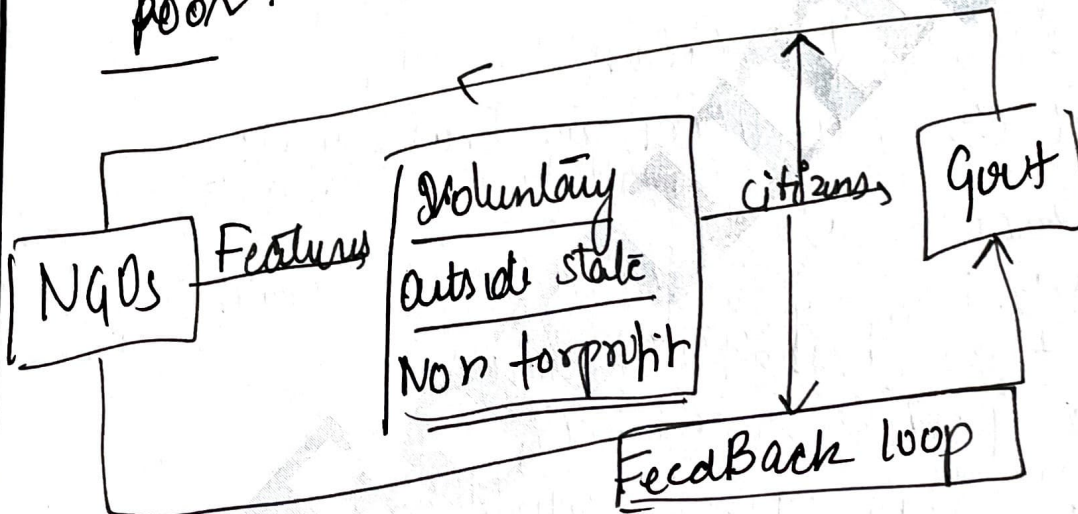
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Q.6)

Do you think NGOs could be vehicle of grassroot development if suitably leveraged. Explain

Ans

World Bank defines NGOs as "Private organisations that pursue activities to relieve suffering of poor."



grassroot development refers to upliftment at lowest levels including local areas, vulnerable sections like women, old age.

NGO could be vehicle of grass root development as =

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★ Awaken conscience of people

eg Naz Foundation → showed the suffering of LGBT.

★ Increased local Participation

eg NGO Training → Involves grassroot people to know education realities.

★ Supplements put in Grassroot level

eg Akshay Patra NGO → helping in Mid Day Meal Implementation

★ Voice of Marginalised at Grassroot level

eg BKU → Farmers voice against Farm law.

★ Ensure Better Governance at Grassroot

eg MKSS → RTI (Rajasthan).

★ Ensure "One Earth One World"

eg Centre for Science & Environment → LPG (CNG) in Delhi.

However NGO may not promote grassroots democracy as →

(*) Vested Interests

eg Mexycop NGO → Funding Separation in task.

(*) Lack of Transparency

A/c to MMA → only 2% are FCRA Registered.

(*) Unaccounted Funding

↳ do not address real grassroots issues.

(*) Politicised in nature

(*) Lack of Authority

↳ cannot enforce change

However NGOs have supplemented in local development. Further Social Stock Exchange be used for funding; better coordination with officials increased.

Overall Grading (✓)

Poor			Average			Good		
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Q.7)

Critically Examine the vicious cycle of Poverty and Population growth in India.

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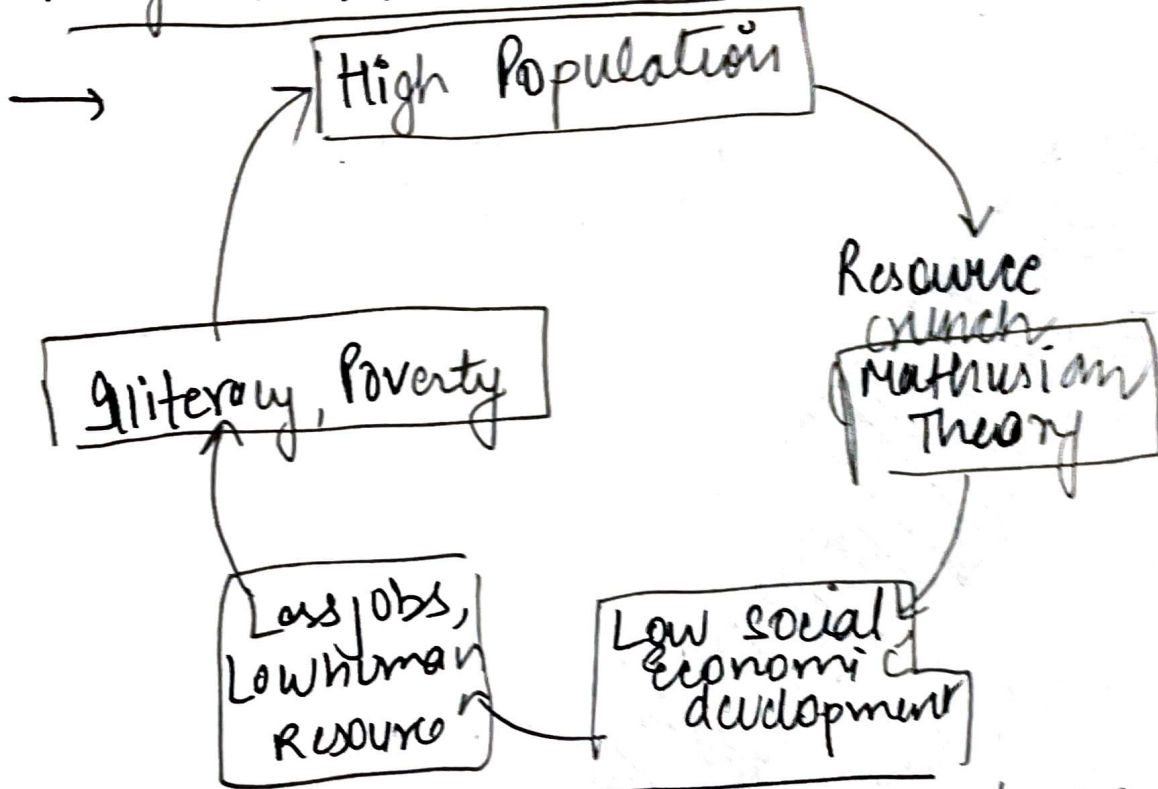
World Bank defines Poor as Person living on less than 1-90 Dollars a day. - its impacted by Demographics.

Indian Case →

- ① Currently India has 220 million poor people.
- ② With population at 120 crore (Census 2011), its going to surpass China by 2023 (World Population Report) -
- ③ India reached TFR of 2.1 however still high in few states like Bihar, UP.

Vicious cycle of Poverty & Population growth in India →

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→ High population growth reduce expenditure on each individual

→ Thereby, low literacy Rate prevails
(eg) Populous states like Bihar have around 60% literacy Rate (UNSD 2019)

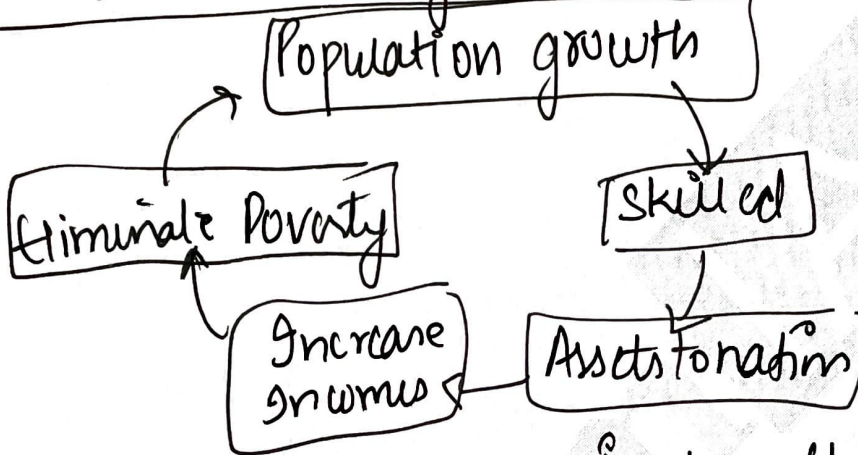
→ Thereby, due to largest Early child Marriages done
Poverty. (eg) UNICEF estimates child Brides in India.

→ Further, due to Child labour Brides for Poverty. (eg) 10 million

economically active children (census 2011)

→ Poverty Breeds need to Produce more children so that they earn.

However vicious cycle can be build →



• skilled workforce like by skill development mission, can help
map Demographic Divident.
 (eg) China

However Population need to be controlled by Mission Parivar
Vikas, incentivising girl education
 (eg) Kanyashree Prakalp scheme of WB.
Poverty needs Startup India,
promotion of MSMEs.

Poor			Average			Good		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9